

## GWERS 113

CYFLWYNYDD: CENNARD DAVIES

NOD: Trafod digwyddiadau (events) yn y gorffennol (past).

### Geirfa

|                |   |                         |            |   |                 |
|----------------|---|-------------------------|------------|---|-----------------|
| gwyliau        | - | holidays                | tref(i) f  | - | town(s)         |
| castell        | - | castle                  | pentref(i) | - | village(s)      |
| cestyll        | - | castles                 | gwlad f    | - | country         |
| dinas (oedd) f | - | city(ies)               | gwledydd   | - | countries       |
| gwneud         | - | to do                   | ymweld â   | - | to visit        |
| crwydro        | - | to wander, tour<br>roam | torheulo   | - | to sunbathe     |
| o gwmpas       | - | around                  | dramor     | - | abroad, foreign |
| diddorol       | - | interesting             | yno        | - | there           |
| yr Almaen      | - | Germany                 | Ffrainc    | - | France          |
| Sbaen          | - | Spain                   | yr Eidal   | - | Italy           |
| Awstria        | - | Austria                 |            |   |                 |

### Adverbs and Adverbial Phrases of Time

|                   |   |                   |                 |   |                 |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| eleni             | - | this year         | y llynedd       | - | last year       |
| y mis diwetha(f)  | - | last month        | yr wythnos      | - | last week       |
| yn ddiweddar      | - | lately            | diwetha(f)      |   |                 |
| ddiwetha(f)       | - | last              | beth amser      | - | some time ago   |
| yn ôl             | - | ago               | yn ôl           |   |                 |
| ym mis Ionawr     | - | in January        | ym mis Chwefror | - | in February     |
| ym mis Mawrth     | - | in March          | ym mis Ebrill   | - | in April        |
| ym mis Mai        | - | in May            | ym mis Mehefin  | - | in June         |
| ym mis Gorffennaf | - | in July           | ym mis Awst     | - | in August       |
| ym mis Medi       | - | in September      | ym mis Hydref   | - | in October      |
| ym mis Tachwedd   | - | in November       | ym mis Rhagfyr  | - | in December     |
| flwyddyn yn ôl    | - | a year ago        | wythnos yn ôl   | - | a week ago      |
| fis yn ôl         | - | a month ago       | bythefnos yn ôl | - | a fortnight ago |
| ddau fis yn ôl    | - | two months<br>ago | chwe mis yn ôl  | - | six months ago  |

### RHAN 1

1. You'll remember that the 'bues' verb does not have an exact

equivalent in English so we have to use 'went' or 'have been' or 'were' to convey the meaning

|                       |                   |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Fe / Mi fues i        | Fe / Mi fuon ni   |
| Fe / Mi fuest ti      | Fe / Mi fuoch chi |
| Fe / Mi fuodd e(o) hi | Fe / Mi fuon nhw  |

Ble **buest ti** ar dy wyliau?

- Where **'did you go / have you been'** on holiday?

(**Fe / Mi fues i**) yn Ffrainc.

- (**I went / have been**) in France.

(**Fe / Mi fues i**) dramor.

- (**I've been / went**) abroad.

Ble **buoch chi** ar eich gwyliau?

- Where **did you go / have you been** on holiday?

**Fe / Mi fuon ni** yn yr Almaen.

- (**We went / have been**) in Germany.

**Fe / Mi fuon ni** dramor.

- (**We went / have been**) abroad.

2. Unlike the verb 'mynd' which is normally followed by the preposition 'i', the 'bues' forms are usually followed by the preposition 'yn'. Both verbs convey the same information.

Fe fues i **yn** Sbaen.

Mi es i **i** Sbaen.

Mi fuon ni **yn** Ffrainc.

Fe aethon ni **i** Ffrainc.

3. It is possible to put another verb after the 'bues' forms - to convey the past tense.

Beth fuest ti'n (**ei**) **wneud**?

- What did you **do**?

Beth fuoch chi'n **(ei) wneud**?

- What did you **do**?

Mi / Fe fues i'n **torheulo**.

- I sunbathed (did some sunbathing).

Mi / Fe fues i'n **ymweld â** dinasoedd diddorol.

- I visited interesting cities.

Beth fuoch chi'n **(ei) wneud**?

- What did you **do**?

Mi / Fe fuon ni'n **crwydro** o gwmpas y wlad.

- We wandered (toured) around the country.

It is a more relaxed or conversational way of conveying the past tense

Fe / Mi dorheulon ni.

- Fe / Mi fuon ni'n torheulo.

Fe / Mi ymwelais i â nhw.

- Fe / Mi fuon ni'n ymweld â nhw.

4. Of course, in replying to questions - you can be as brief as you like, omitting the verb altogether.

Beth fuoch chi'n (ei) wneud?

- Torheulo.

- Ymweld â threfi diddorol.

## **RHAN 2**

1. All adverbs and adverbial phrases undergo a Soft Mutation when used in a sentence

Pryd buest ti yn yr Eidal **ddiwetha'**?

- When were you / have you been in Italy last?

Fe fues i yno flwyddyn yn ôl.  
- I was / have been there a year ago.

Fe / Mi fuon ni yno y llynedd.  
- We were / have been there last year.

Pryd buodd Mary yn Llundain **ddiwetha'**?  
- When was Mary / has Mary been in London last?

Fe / Mi fuodd hi yno ym mis Medi.  
- She was / has been there in May.

Fe fuon ni yn Ffrainc **fis** yn ôl.  
- We were / have been in France a month ago.

Mi fues i yno **ddwy** flynedd yn ôl.  
- I went / have been there two years ago.

2. Don't feel your replies have to be confined to the '**bues**' forms.  
You can use any suitable verb of course

Pryd **buest ti** yn Ffrainc?

- **Roeddwn i** yno y llynedd.
- **Fe ddes i** adre' ddydd Sadwrn diwetha'.
- **Fe fues i** yno ym mis Mai.
- **Fe es i** yno dri mis yn ôl.