

GWERS 124

CYFLWYNYDD: ANN M. JONES

NOD: Cymharu'r ansoddeiriau afreolaidd 'uchel' ac 'isel'.

Geirfa

uchel	- high	isel	- low
uchel	- high in volume loud	isel	- low in volume quiet
mynydd	- mountain	rhaglen(ni) f	- programme(s)
llais	- voice		
Gwlad Belg	- Belgium	Gwlad Pöyl	- Poland

RHAN 1

1. uchel - high (loud)
cyn uchod â (ag) - as high (loud) as
yn uwch na(nag) - higher (louder) than
yr uchaf - the highest (loudest)

Mae Cadair Idris **yn uchel**.
- Cadair Idris is **high**.

Roedd y rhaglen **yn uchel**.
- The programme was **loud**.

Dydy'r Wyddfa ddim **cyn uchod ag** Everest.
- Snowdon isn't **as high as** Everest.

Ydy merched yn gallu gweiddi **cyn uchod â** bechgyn?
- Are girls able to shout **as loudly as** boys?

Mae Everest **yn uwch na'r** Wyddfa.
- Everest is **higher than** Snowdon.

Rolls Royce ydy'r **mwya'**.
Mini ydy'r **lleia'**.
Margarita Prakatan ydy'r **waetha'**.
Everest ydy'r **ucha'**.
Holland ydy'r **isa'**.

2. In English, it is NOT grammatically correct to use the superlative degree (-----**est**) when comparing only 2 things. We have to use -----**er**.

Cardiff, Bangor - Cardiff is the **larger** (not **largest**).
Everest, Snowdon - Snowdon is the **lower** (not **lowest**).

This rule does not apply in Welsh

Caerdydd, Bangor - Caerdydd ydy'r **mwya'**.
Everest, Yr Wyddfa - Yr Wyddfa ydy'r **isa'**.

3. It is possible to use the superlative degree on its own, or with a noun.

Rolls Royce ydy'r **car mwya'**.
Rolls Royce ydy'r **mwya'**.

Y bêl las ydy'r **bêl leia'**.
Y bêl las ydy'r **leia'**.

Everest ydy'r **mynydd ucha'**.
Everest ydy'r **ucha'**.

4. We don't always have to use '**â / ag...**' (as ...) or '**na / nag...**' (than ...) in our sentences

Rolls Royce, Mini.

Mae Mini **yn llai**.
- A Mini **is smaller**.

Mae Mini **cystal**.
- A Mini **is as good**.

Mae Rolls Royce **yn fwy**.
- A Rolls Royce is **bigger**.