

## GWERS 137

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**NOD: Ffuriau amheronol cryno'r Amser Gorffennol (The concise impersonal forms of the Past Tense). These are used in newspaper reports and in news bulletins - where concise language is required.**

### Geirfa

talw	-	to pay	diswyddo	-	to dismiss, sack
gweld	-	to see	lladd	-	to kill
derbyn	-	to receive	dal	-	to catch
sôn (am)	-	to mention	cyhoeddi	-	to announce
trefnu	-	to arrange, organize	cyhoeddi	-	to publish
codi	-	to raise, build	cyfansoddi	-	to compose
llythyr	-	letter	lleidr	-	thief
enillydd	-	winner	lladron	-	thieves

### RHAN 1

1. The ending which is added to the stem of all regular verbs in the Past Tense is **-wyd**

gweld	-	gwel-	gwel <b>wyd</b>
talw	-	tal-	tal <b>wyd</b>
prynu	-	pryn-	pryn <b>wyd</b>

**Fe ges i fy ngeni yn Llundain.**

**Ganwyd** fi yn Llundain.

- **I was born** in London.

**Mi gest ti dy dalu** ddoe.

**Talwyd** ti ddoe.

- **You were paid** yesterday.

**Fe gafodd** Tom **ei ddiswyddo** yr wythnos ddiwetha'.

**Diswyddwyd** Tom yr wythnos ddiwetha'.

- Tom **was sacked** last week.

**Mi gawson ni ein magu** yn Iwerddon.  
**Magwyd** ni yn Iwerddon.  
- **We were brought up** in Ireland.

**Fe gawsoch chi eich dysgu** gan Bill James.  
**Dysgwyd** chi gan Bill James.  
- **You were taught** by Bill James.

**Mi gawson nhw eu gweld** yn rhedeg i ffwrdd.  
**Gwelwyd** nhw yn rhedeg i ffwrdd.  
- **They were seen** running away.

2. Some stems consist of the whole verb noun

agor	-	agor-	agorwyd
darllen	-	darllen-	darllenwyd
siarad	-	siarad-	siaradwyd

**Agorwyd** yr adeilad ym mil with dau chwech.  
- The building **was opened** in 1826.

**Darllenwyd** y nofel bob nos ar y radio.  
- The novel **was read** every night on the radio.

3. If a verb noun ends in -io or -ian, the 'i' is kept as part of the stem

peintio	-	peinti-	peintwyd
dawnsio-	dawnsi-	dawnsiwyd	

**Peintwyd** y tŷ y llynedd.  
- The house **was painted** last year.

4. The past tense ending is ALWAYS -wyd, no matter to what person it refers

Talwyd <b>fi</b>	-	<b>I</b> was paid
Talwyd <b>y plant</b>	-	<b>The children</b> were paid
Talwyd <b>ni</b>	-	<b>We</b> were paid

Talwyd **nhw** - **They** were paid

## **RHAN 2**

1. **Some verbs add an 'i' to form the stem**

(This is not something you need worry too much about!)

sôn (am)	-	soni-	soniwyd
dal	-	dali-	daliwyd
derbyn	-	derbyni-	derbyniwyd

**Derbyniwyd** llythyr.

- A letter **was received**.

**Daliwyd** y lladron.

- The thieves **were caught**.

**Soniwyd am** y ffilm ar y teledu.

- The film **was mentioned** on the television.

2. **cyhoeddi - to announce / to publish**

**Cyhoeddwyd** enw'r enillydd yn y papur.

- The winner's name **was announced** in the paper.

**Cyhoeddwyd** y llyfr ym 1973.

- The book **was published** in 1973.

3. **codi - to get up, to rise**

**This verb can also be used to convey 'to raise, to build'**

**Codwyd** y bont ddeng mlynedd yn ôl.

- The bridge **was built** 10 years ago.

4. The **doer** of the action is conveyed by '**gan**' (and its personal forms) in Welsh ('**by**' in English)

I'm sure you remember the personal forms of '**gan**'

gen i	gynnon ni
gen ti	gynnoch chi
gan Tom / Mair	ganddyn nhw
ganddo fe (fo)	
ganddi hi	

Trefnwyd y carnifal **gan** Mair a Bob.  
- The carnival was organized **by** Mair and Bob.

Trefnwyd y carnifal **ganddyn** nhw.  
- The carnival was organized **by** them.

Talwyd y bil **gen i**.  
- The bill was paid **by me**.

Cyfansoddwyd 'Eine Kleine Nachtmusik' **gan** Mozart.  
- 'Eine Kleine Nachtmusik' was composed **by** Mozart.

Ysgrifennwyd 'Romeo and Juliet' **gan** Shakespeare.  
- 'Romeo and Juliet' was written **by** Shakespeare.