

GWERS 79

CYFLWYNYDD: ANN M. JONES

NOD: Cyflwyno (To present) ffurfiau 'bues'

Geirfa

y llynedd	-	last year	eleni	-	this year
min nos	-	evening	drwy'r dydd	-	all day
drwy'r nos	-	all night	chwaith	-	either
yno	-	there			
cyngherdd	-	concert	prifathro	-	headteacher
ysbyty	-	hospital			
ymarfer	-	to train	colli pwysau	-	to lose weight
gwyllo	-	to watch	siarad â	-	to talk to
smwddio	-	to iron			
mewn	-	in a	yn y	-	in the
ar fy ngwyliau	-	on (my) holiday			
ar dy wyliau	-	on (your) holiday			
ar eich gwyliau	-	on (your) holiday			
ar ei wyliau	-	on (his) holiday			
ar ei gwyliau	-	on (her) holiday			
ar ein gwyliau	-	on (our) holiday			
ar eu gwyliau	-	on (their) holiday			
Neuadd Dewi Sant	-	St David's Hall			
Cernyw	-	Cornwall			

RHAN 1

1. Fe / Mi fues i - Fues i ddim
Fe / Mi fuest ti - Fuest ti ddim
Fe / Mi fuoch chi - Fuoch chi ddim

As you can see, the endings resemble those used on all verbs in the Past Preterite Tense.

The '**bues**' forms, as we shall call them, have no exact equivalent in English, so that makes it difficult to translate sentences using these forms. In grammatical terms, what we have here is the **Past Preterite Tense** of the verb '**to be**', which doesn't exist in English. Most other verbs do have a Preterite Tense.

to come	-	came
to see	-	saw
to dance	-	danced
to go	-	went
to be	-	__?__ (beed!)

The only way to convey these patterns in English is to use 'was' or 'went' or 'have been'

2. (a) Fe / Mi fues i _____ - _____ I was / went / have been

Fe fues i yn Llundain ddydd Sadwrn.

- **I was in / went to/ have been** in London on Saturday.

Fe / Mi fues i yn Florida y llynedd.

- **I was in / went to/ have been** in Florida last year.

- (b) Fues i ddim - I wasn't / haven't been / didn't go

Fues i ddim yn y gêm.

- **I wasn't in / I didn't go** to the game.

3. Notice the difference between these two sentences

Mi es i **i** Gaerdydd ddoe.

- I went **to** Cardiff yesterday.

Fe fues i **yng** Nghaerdydd ddoe.

- I was / I've been / (I 'beed' !) **in** Cardiff yesterday.

And these two

Es i ddim i gyngerdd.
- I didn't go **to** a concert.

Fues i ddim **mewn** cyngerdd.
- I've not been / I wasn't **in a** concert.

You'll notice that the verb 'to go' is usually followed by 'i' (to)

The 'bues' forms are followed by 'yn' (in) or 'mewn' (in a)

4. (a) Fe / Mi fuest ti - You were / have been / went

Fe / Mi fuest ti yng Nghanada ar dy wyliau.
- You were **in / went to** Canada on holiday.

- (b) Fuest ti ddim - You weren't / didn't go / haven't ben

Fuest ti ddim yn yr opera.
- You weren't **in / didn't go to** the opera.

5. (a) Fe / Mi fuoch chi - You were / went / have been

Fe / Mi fuoch chi yn y sinema neithiwr.
- You were **in / went to** the cinema last night.

- (b) Fuoch chi ddim - You weren't / didn't go / haven't been

Fuoch chi ddim ar eich gwyliau eleni.
- You **didn't go / haven't been** on holiday this year.

Fuoch chi ddim mewn cyngerdd dros y Nadolig.
- You **haven't been** in a concert over Christmas.

6. The 'bues' forms can also be used in front of a verb

Fe / Mi fues i'n **nofio** ddoe.
- I was / went **swimming** yesterday.

Fues i ddim **yn ymarfer** neithiwr.
- I didn't **train** / go **training** last night.

Fues i ddim **yn siopa** ddydd Sadwrn.
- I didn't **shop** / go **shopping** on Saturday.

Fe / Mi fues i'n **colli pwysau** y llynedd.
- I did some **losing weight** last year.

Fe / Mi fues i'n **loncian** neithiwr.
- I was / went **jogging** last night.

Fe / Mi fues i'n **chwarae** rygbi ddoe.
- I went **playing** rugby / I **played** rugby yesterday.

Fe fuest ti'n **siopa** ddoe.
- You went **shopping** yesterday.

Fuoch chi ddim **yn siarad** â Tom Jones.
- You didn't **talk** to Tom Jones.

RHAN 2

1. Fe / Mi **fuodd Basil / Mary** - **Fuodd Basil / Mary ddim**
Fe / Mi **fuodd e(o) hi** - **Fuodd e(o) / hi ddim**
Fe / Mi **fuodd y plant** - **Fuodd y plant ddim**

Fe / Mi **fuodd** Cennard yn Aberdeen y llynedd.
- Cennard went to / was in Aberdeen last year.

Fe / Mi **fuodd** y plant mewn parti ddydd Sadwrn.
- The children went to / were in a party on Saturday.

Fe / Mi **fuodd** Bethan yn Sbaen ar ei gwyliau y llynedd.
- Bethan went / has been / was in Spain on holiday last year.

Fe **fuodd** hi farw ddoe.

- She died yesterday.

Fe / Mi **fuodd** hi'n chwarae yn y parc.

- She played in the park.

Fuodd Eleanor **ddim** yn yr ysgol ddoe.

- Eleanor didn't go / wasn't in to school yesterday.

Fuodd Basil **ddim** yn chwarae tenis bwrdd ddoe.

- Basil didn't play table tennis yesterday.

2. Fe / Mi fuon ni - Fuon ni ddim

Fe / Mi **fuon ni** yn Corfu ar ein gwyliau.

- We went to / were / have been in Corfu on holiday.

Fe **fuon ni**'n siarad Cymraeg drwy'r dydd.

- We spoke Welsh all day.

Fuon ni ddim yn y gêm.

- We didn't go to / weren't / haven't been in the game.

3. Fe / Mi fuon nhw - Fuon nhw ddim

Fe / Mi **fuon nhw** yno y llynedd.

- They were / went / have been there last year.

Fe **fuon nhw** farw mewn damwain.

- They died in an accident.

Fuon nhw ddim yno chwaith.

- They weren't / didn't go / haven't been there either.

Fuon nhw ddim yn siarad Ffrangeg.

- They didn't speak French.

Notice the difference:-

Fuon nhw ddim yn siarad Ffrangeg.

- They didn't speak French.

Doedden nhw ddim yn siarad Ffrangeg.

- They weren't speaking French. / They didn't speak French.

4. The full verb

Fe / Mi fues i	-	Fues i ddim
Fe / Mi fuest ti	-	Fuest ti ddim
Fe / Mi fuodd e(o) / hi	-	Fuodd e(o) / hi ddim
Fe / Mi fuon ni	-	Fuon ni ddim
Fe / Mi fuoch chi	-	Fuoch chi ddim
Fe / Mi fuon nhw	-	Fuon nhw ddim

5. To repeat

- (a) these forms are used to convey the same information as is conveyed by using 'went'

I went to Cardiff yesterday.

- **Fe es i i** Gaerdydd ddoe.

- **Fe fues i yng** Nghaerdydd ddoe.

- (b) they can be used with another verb to convey the Past Tense

I cooked yesterday.

- **Fe goginiais i** ddoe.

- **Fe fues i'n coginio** ddoe.

I didn't cook yesterday.

- **Choginiais i ddim** ddoe.

- **Fues i ddim yn coginio** ddoe.

Mary didn't work yesterday.

- **Weithiodd Mary ddim** ddoe.

- **Fuodd Mary ddim yn gweithio** ddoe.