

GWERS 92

CYFLWYNYDD: BASIL DAVIES

NOD: Cyflwyno ffurfiau negyddol y Dyfodol (Conveying future events, negatively!)

Geirfa

gêm f	-	game, match	papur Cymraeg	-	a Welsh paper
gwaith cartre(f)	-	homework	bara lawr	-	laverbread
croesair	-	crossword	chips	-	sglodion
chwaer f	-	sister	merch f	-	daughter
mab	-	son	teledu	-	television
lolfa f	-	lounge	postmon	-	postman
pwynt	-	point	llythyr(au)	-	letter(s)
cwrw	-	beer	peint	-	pint
rhaglen f	-	programme	tŷ haf	-	summer house,
llong f	-	ship			holiday home
gwisgo	-	to wear	gorffen	-	to finish
ennill	-	to win	yfed	-	to drink
ysmygu	-	to smoke	rhedeg	-	to run
gyrru	-	to drive	deall	-	to understand
llwyddo	-	to succeed	marcio	-	to mark
rhoi	-	to give	gallu	-	to be able to, can
edrych (ar)	-	to look (at)	dal	-	to catch
peintio	-	to paint	papuro	-	to paper
priodi	-	to marry	trwsio	-	to repair
codi	-	to raise, lift	cyrraedd	-	to reach, arrive at
		get up	colli	-	to lose
clywed	-	to hear	dal	-	to catch
croesi	-	to cross			
achos	-	because	rhy	-	too
dim byd	-	anything	cyn	-	before
eleni	-	this year	ddim byd	-	anything (nothing)
eich gilydd	-	each other	efallai	-	perhaps
o gwbl	-	at all			

RHAN 1

1. As in the Past Tense, the negative of the short Future Tense is formed by dropping the positive marker 'Mi / Fe' and adding 'ddim'.

Fe / Mi wela(f) i	- I will / shall see
Wela(f) i ddim	- I will not / shall not see
Fe/Mi ddarlleni di	- You will / shall read
Ddarlleni di ddim	- She will not / shall not read
Fe / Mi gerddiff hi	- She will / shall walk
Cherddiff hi ddim	- She will not / shall not walk
Fe / Mi fwytnw ni	- We will / shall eat
Fwytnw ni ddim	- We will / shall not eat.
Fe / Mi gerddwch chi	- You will / shall walk
Cherddwch chi ddim	- You will / shall not walk.
Fe / Mi ddarllenan nhw	- They will / shall read
Ddarllenan nhw ddim	- They will / shall not read.

Fwyta' i ddim cinio yfory achos fe fydda' i allan.

- **I won't eat** lunch tomorrow because I'll be out.

Alla' i ddim mynd ma's heno achos 'dw i'n rhy brysur.

- **I can't** go out tonight because I'm too busy. (**I shall not be able to**).

Edrychi di ddim ar y teledu heno achos fe fyddi di'n gweithio.

- **You won't look** at the television tonight because you'll be working.

Ddarlleni di ddim cyn cysgu heno achos rwy't ti wedi blino.

- **You won't read** before sleeping tonight because you're tired.

Lwyddiff hi ddim i ddal trê'n saith o'r gloch.

- **She won't succeed** in catching the 7 o'clock train.

Farciff Bob ddim byd heno - mae e wedi blino.

- **Bob won't mark** anything tonight - he's tired.

Roiff hi ddim bwyd i'r ci heno - roedd e'n dost y bore 'ma.
- **She won't give** food to the dog (the dog food) tonight -
it (he) was ill this morning.

Fwytwyn ni ddim brecwast mawr cyn rhedeg marathon.
- **We won't eat** a big breakfast before running a marathon.

Enillwn ni ddim byd ar y loteri.
- **We won't win** anything on the lottery.

Fwytwch chi ddim bara lawr ar eich gwyliau yn Ffrainc.
- **You won't eat** laverbread on your holiday in France.

Ddarllenwch chi ddim papur heno.
- **You won't read** a paper tonight.

Ddarllenan nhw ddim papur Cymraeg ar eu gwyliau yn Sbaen!
- **They won't read** a Welsh paper on their holiday in Spain!

Phrynan nhw ddim car newydd eleni.
- **They won't buy** a new car this year.

2. Verbs beginning with **c, p** or **t** undertake an Aspirate Mutation in the negative

cerdded	-	cherdda(f) i ddim
talw	-	thaliff hi ddim
prynu	-	phryni di ddim

Phrynan nhw ddim car newydd eleni.
- **They won't buy** a new car this year.

Verbs beginning with other consonants are the same in the positive and negative

Fe / Mi **ddarlle**na' i.
Ddarllena' i ddim.

Fe / Mi **fwy**ta' di.
Fwyti di ddim.

3. cyn cysgu - before sleeping

Notice that in Welsh we don't need anything between **cyn** and **cysgu** - although in English we use 'sleeping'.

cyn mynd	-	before going
cyn cael cinio	-	before having lunch
cyn dechrau chwarae	-	before starting to play

Fwyta' i ddim byd **cyn mynd** i'r gwely.
- I won't eat anything **before going** to bed.

RHAN 2

1. As in the short Past Tense, if the object of a short Future Tense verb is **definite** we use '**mo**' instead of '**ddim**'

The direct object can be a proper noun - a name or a title

Ddarlleniff hi **mo 'Hello'** ar y trê.
- She won't read '**Hello**' on the train.

Wela' i **mo John** heno.
- I won't see **John** tonight.

Ffoniff Mair **mo Megan** yfory.
- Mair won't telephone **Megan** tomorrow.

2. The direct object can be a common noun with '**the**' in front of it.

Welan nhw **mo'r** ffilm.
- They won't see **the** film.

Phrynwn ni **mo'r** car.
- We won't buy **the** car.

Enilliff Cymru **mo'r** gêm.
- Wales won't win **the** game.

Farcia' i **mo'r** gwaith cartre' heno.
- I won't mark **the** homework tonight.

3. Another form of the definite object is when the possessives **my, your, his, her, our** and **their** is placed in front of the noun. We must therefore use '**mo**' and not '**ddim**'.

Do you remember the following forms?

mo fy	mo'n (mo ein)
mo dy	mo'ch (mo eich)
mo'i (mo ei)	mo'u (mo eu)

Wela' i **mo fy** mrawd heno.
- I won't see **my** brother tonight.

Thrwsia i **mo fy** nghar. Does dim pwynt. Mae'r car yn rhy hen.
- I won't repair **my** car. There's no point. The car is too old.

Phapuriff Mr Jones **mo'i** lolfa - mae'n gas 'da fe bapuro.
- Mr Jones won't paper **his** lounge - he hates papering.

Phriodiff Tom **mo dy** chwaer.
- Tom won't marry **your** sister.

Phostiwn ni **mo'n** llythyrau heddiw. Mae'r postmon wedi mynd.
- We won't post **our** letters today. The postman has gone.

4. Sgwrs

Nigel: Pheintia' i mo'r tŷ haf 'ma. Does dim amser 'da fi.
Basil: Pam does dim amser 'da ti?
Nigel: Rydyn ni'n mynd ar ein gwyliau i Sbaen.
Basil: Mae Cennard yn mynd i Sbaen hefyd.
Nigel: Welwn ni mo Cennard. Rydyn ni'n mynd i dde Sbaen.
Mae Cennard yn mynd i ogledd Sbaen.

Basil: Fe welwch chi eich gilydd ar y llong efallai.
Nigel: Na, welwn i mo Cennard ar y llong achos mae e'n croesi o Portsmouth ac yn teithio drwy Ffrainc i Sbaen. Rydyn ni'n croesi i Sbaen yn y llong. Felly theithiwn ni ddim drwy Ffrainc o gwbl.